



NAME _____ DATE _____

SINGULAR AND PLURAL NOUNS

Singular Noun: It names one person / one animal / one thing. It gives the idea of one.

Examples: girl, tiger, desk.

Plural Noun: It refers to more than one person / one animal / one thing. It denotes more than one number.

Examples: girls, tigers, desks.

We can change singular nouns into plurals.

Most of the singular nouns are changed into plurals by adding "S" at the end.

Examples: Boy + s → Boys

Lion + s → Lions

Bell + s → Bells

Singular nouns ending in S, X, Z, Ch and Sh form their plurals by the addition of -es. Some nouns with 'o' ending also form their plurals by adding -es at the end.

Examples: Gas + es → Gases

Box + es → Boxes

Buzz + es → Buzzes

Church + es → Churches

Crash + es → Crashes

Potato + es → Potatoes

Some singular nouns end with 'Y', change into plurals by deleting Y and adding -ies at the end.

Example: Baby + ies → Babies

Some singular nouns end with 'f' will take '-ves' after deleting 'f' to form their plurals.

Example: Leaf + ves → Leaves

Plural nouns are formed from singular nouns by the addition of -s or -es.

Examples: Radio → Radios

Mosquito → Mosquitoes

Singular nouns are changed into plurals by the addition of -ies after deleting 'y' as in housefly → houseflies or by the addition of -ves after deleting 'f' as in calf → calves.